

# Clampseal® Globe Valve Servicing Instructions (PED Version)



# CLAMPSEAL® valves have unique features which enable them to be completely serviced in line.

The following service operations are possible:

- Seat Refacing
- Disc Refacing
- Bonnet Seal Refacing
- Replacement of Bonnet Chamber Assembly
- Quick repacking by swapping bonnet chamber assemblies.
- Repack old bonnet and return to stock.

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# I. INSTALLATION

#### **METAL TO METAL SEATED VALVES**

Perform installation welding in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Sec. I, Part PW, or ASME B31.1 Para 127.

#### A. IMPORTANT

**DO NOT DISASSEMBLE VALVE.** Valve must be assembled and tightly closed during welding to protect seat from heat distortion and weld splatter.

- B. Allow 1/16" gap between bottom of socket and end of pipe (PW 41.5.7 or ASME B31.1 Para 127.3.(E)).
- C. Preheat per Table 1.

#### **SOFT SEATED VALVES**

- A. Remove stem assembly as detailed in section V. A. steps 1 4.
- B. Reassemble valve using Metal Disc Stem Assembly as detailed in section V. G. steps 2 and 3,A. through E.
- C. Follow section I., A through C.
- D. Follow steps A and B to put in Soft Seated Stem Assembly.

NOTE: For Soft Seated Check valves you must remove the Disc and Spring and follow instructions for Soft Seated valves.

TABLE 1
PREHEAT AND POSTWELD HEAT TREAT REQUIREMENTS

P-1 SA-105	P-5 SA-182 GR. F22	P-8 SA-182 GR. F316	P15E SA-182-F91 Type 1 & 2
PREHEAT 50° F (A100.4.1) *	PREHEAT 400° F (A100.4.4) *	PREHEAT NONE REQUIRED (A100.4.7) *	PREHEAT 400° F
POST WELD HEAT TREAT NONE REQUIRED (PW-39)	POST WELD HEAT TREAT REQUIRED WHEN NOMINAL WALL THICKNESS EXCEEDS 5/8" (PW-39) LOCALIZED ONLY PER (PW-39-4-2)	POST WELD HEAT TREAT NONE REQUIRED (PW-39)	POST WELD HEAT TREAT REQUIRED (PW-39)

<sup>\*</sup> ASME BOILER AND PRESSURE VESSEL CODE, SECTION I, PART PW-38

### II. OPERATION

All CLAMPSEAL® valve stems have single pitch right hand threads with clockwise rotation of the handle to close. Valves used for "on-off" service should be fully open or fully closed.

The CLAMPSEAL® valve has a backseat feature which, in the fully open position, isolates the packing from line pressure thereby increasing packing life. This is pressure actuated and requires only a light torque to effect a seal. See Table 2 for torque values.

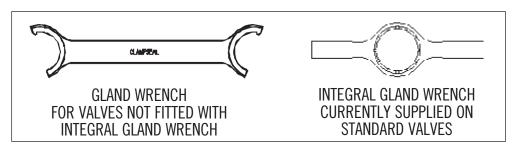
Always check packing gland tightness before taking off backseat to prevent leakage.

## III. PACKING GLAND ADJUSTMENT

CLAMPSEAL® valves have a precision packing system with a single piece splined gland. Packing should be adjusted periodically to prevent leakage. Adjustment is especially important after hydro test or startup.

Most CLAMPSEAL® valves are furnished with an Integral Gland Wrench, Figure A. The I.G.W. provides for easy packing maintenance which helps extend packing life. Cycle valve several times while adjusting packing to improve packing seal.

#### FIGURE A



# IV. MAINTENANCE

All components of the CLAMPSEAL® valve are shown in Figure B on page 7. CLAMPSEAL® valves have several distinctly different design features from other valves. These servicing instructions should be followed closely.

#### A. Routine Maintenance

Routine maintenance consists of a periodic tightening of the gland to prevent packing leakage. Graphite packing manufacturers recommend routine replacement of packing after 3 years of service. No other routine maintenance is required.

#### B. Adding a Ring of Packing Under Pressure

Packing will eventually wear to the point where tightening of the gland will not effect a seal. When this happens it is possible to add a packing ring under pressure as follows:

Note: This is only a temporary solution until the valve can be disassembled and repacked.

1. Isolate the valve and allow pressure to bleed off. Tag-out isolation valves. Follow prescribed safety procedures for your plant.

When the valve is pressurized, the valve backseat provides pressure enhanced positive sealing. This feature does not provide a two valve protection which is specified in some safety standards. Proceed only as a last resort. Do not try to remove packing from a pressurized valve.

- 2. Open the valve fully and torque onto backseat. See Table 2 for torque. Over torqueing will not enhance the seal and could cause damage.
- 3. Wait for leakage to stop as the fluid or gas trapped in the packing blows down.

#### **CAUTION:** IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS DO NOT PROCEED!

- 4. Remove handle to prevent accidental movement off of backseat.
- 5. Use gland wrench (Figure A.) to slowly screw the gland to full height on the yoke bushing, while checking for blow by.
- 6. Open new graphite filament wiper packing ring at split for insertion around the stem
- 7. Slide ring into bonnet chamber and compress by tightening the gland. Loosen the gland to see if another ring will fit. If so, rotate second ring split one-quarter turn from first ring.
- 8. Tighten gland. Do not exceed torque listed in Table 3. Rotate stem several times, in both directions, to seat packing.

TABLE 2
MAXIMUM OPERATING TORQUES (FT-LBS)

SIZE CODE	YOKE	SEATING	BACKSEAT	CLAMPBOLT
3C 3D	100	30	4	10
5C 5D	150	30	4	10
5E 5F 5G	150	60	6	10
6E 6F 6G 6H	200	60	6	10
7E	250	60	6	15
7F 7G 7H 7J	250	105	9	15
8F	350	105	9	15
8G 8H 8J 8K	350	255	12	15
9G 9H	425	255	12	45
9J 9K 9L	425	420	18	45
10H	600	255	12	70
10J	600	420	18	70
10K 10L 10M	600	500	25	70

# V. REPAIR

#### A. DISASSEMBLY OF CLAMPSEAL STOP VALVES FOR INSPECTION AND REPAIR

**CAUTION:** Before any attempt is made to disassemble the valve, verify that the valve is isolated from system pressure and secured against accidental pressurization. Follow standard tag out safety procedures before proceeding.

Note: Valve with size code 8, 9, 10 are supplied with impactor handwheels.

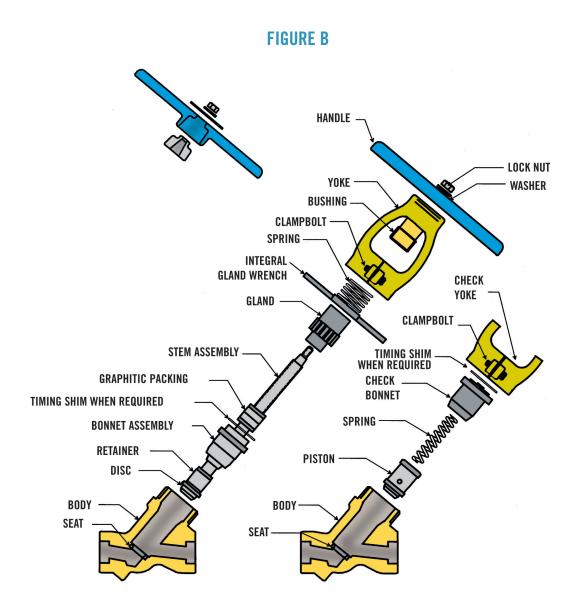


TABLE 3
OPERATING GLAND TORQUES (FT-LBS)

SIZE CODE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
3C, 3D	8	15
5C, 5D	8	15
5E, 5F, 5G	19	35
6E, 6G, 6H	19	35
7E	19	35
7F, 7G, 7H, 7J	35	60
8F	35	60
8G, 8H, 8J, 8K	44	75
9G, 9H	44	75
9J, 9K, 9L	92	155
10H	35	75
10J	72	155
10K, 10L, 10M	115	195

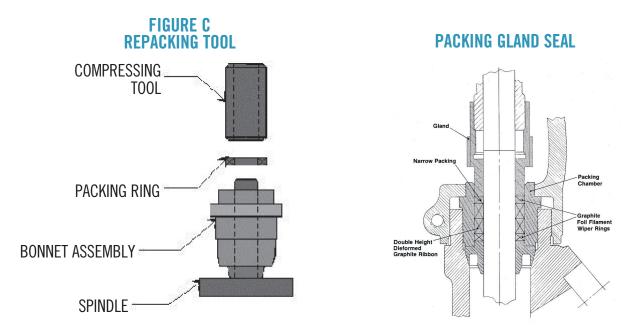
#### YOU MAY USE 1 OR 1A BELOW. BUT NOT BOTH.

- 1. Completely remove the clampbolt from the yoke and screw it into the opposite (threaded) side of the clampbolt lug. Place a metal flat (like a fender washer) into the yoke split to stop the clampbolt. Tighten clampbolt, using it as a jacking screw, until the yoke split expands by 1/16" to 1/4" (this is to relieve yoke thread friction).
- 1A. Completely remove the clampbolt from the yoke and keep the clampbolt for reassembly. Drive a small wedge (similar to a wood chisel) straight down into the split in the clampbolt lug until the yoke split expands by 1/16" to ¼" on large valves. **CAUTION: When using method 1A, always** drive the wedge straight down, never drive the wedge toward the body threads or thread damage could occur.
- 2. Unscrew the yoke, using a Conval Yoke Wrench. Remove the yoke assembly carefully so that the stem and disc do not scratch the bonnet sealing surface. If the bonnet becomes stuck in the body, proceed with steps 3-5 and use a small wedge under the bonnet flange.
- 3. Remove lock nut, washer, and valve handle.
- 4. Removal of the stem from the yoke assembly requires threading the stem down through the yoke bushing. To make removal easier it is helpful to clean the stem threads thoroughly with a wire brush and solvent. Some filing may also be required to clean the threads at the handle flats.
- 5. Remove timing shims (if supplied) from bonnet. Shims are provided in some valves to maintain proper voke orientation. Keep the original shim set with the valve for reassembly.
- 6. To remove bonnet, invert stem and press bonnet down over stem.
- 7. Inspect the condition of the sealing surfaces for damage:
  - Body, seat, bonnet seal
  - Stem, disc sealing surface, packing sealing surface, backseat lip of retainer
  - Bonnet, backseat nose, body seal, packing chamber surface

#### **B. REPACKING**

1. Remove old packing using a soft dowel (wood, plastic or brass). Put bonnet on table upside down and press rings out from the bottom. It's helpful to soak the bonnet and packing in solvent to loosen packing before removal.

WARNING: Do not use a standard packing puller. It will cause scoring of the bonnet chamber and create a leak path.



2. Clean bonnet chamber in cleaning solvent to remove contaminants which will contribute to stem pitting. Place the bonnet chamber over the spindle of the Conval repacking tool, adding rings individually and manually depress them into the chamber with the compressing sleeve. No preloading is required. The order of assembly is as shown in Figure C.

NOTE: Use only dieformed graphitic seal rings and woven graphitic wiper rings for best packing performance.

See below for correct size.

REPACKING	SIZE	PACKING RING	S	WIPER RINGS	
T00L	CODE	OD X ID X HT	QTY	OD X ID X HT	QTY
T3-RP-1	3C 3D 5C 5D	3/4 X 1/2 X 1/4	2	3/4 X 1/2 X 1/8	2
T5-RP-1	5E 5F 5G 6E 6G 6H 7E	1 X 5/8 X 3/8	2	1 X 5/8 X 3/16	2
T7-RP-1	7F 7G 7H 7J 8F	1 1/4 X 3/4 X 1/2	2	1 1/4 X 3/4 X 1/4	2
T8-RP-1	8G 8H 8J 8K 9G 9H 10H	1 3/8 X 7/8 X 1/2	2	1 3/8 X 7/8 X 1/4	2
T9-RP-1	9J 9K 9L 10J	1 3/4 X 1 1/8 X 3/8	3	1 3/4 X 1 1/8 X 5/16	2
T10-RP-1	10K 10L 10M	1 7/8 X 1 1/4 X 5/8	2	1 7/8 X 1 1/4 X 5/16	2

#### C. SEAT REFACING

- 1. Disassemble valve
- 2. Move the feed lever of the reseating tool high on the housing assembly to prevent the cutter from contacting the seat during assembly and open the sleeve assembly 90% open.
- Insert refacing tool into the body cavity carefully to prevent damage to the bonnet sealing surface.
- 4. Screw the yoke collar onto the body threads and hand tighten.
- 5. Press down on the shaft to insure that the cutting head is resting on the seat.
- 6. Bring feed lever down to just above the race bearing.
- 7. Pull up on the shaft to insure that some "play" exists.
- 8. DO NOT FEED CUTTER WITHOUT ROTATING SHAFT. (Figure D)

Attach socket wrench to hex nut at the top of the shaft and begin to rotate shaft in clockwise direction. While rotating the shaft, move the feed lever clockwise until cutter begins to cut. Continue to rotate shaft while feeding feed lever to provide smooth continuous cutting. Note position of feed lever when cutting starts to occur. Cut no more than one-quarter turn of feed lever, then check. Remove as little metal from the seat as needed to remove damage. Conval recommends the use of tap oil during this process.

9. Clear body of chips with solvent and a rag. Check seat for complete removal of cuts or indications. If the seat is not clean, repeat steps 8 and 9 until the seat is clean.

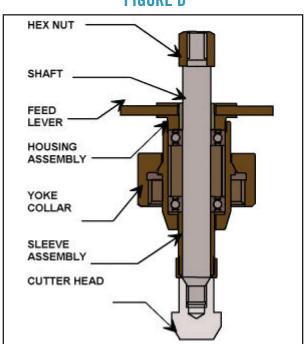


FIGURE D

#### D. DISC REFACING

Chuck the retainer portion of the stem assembly in a lathe and center to within .001". Use a single point carbide tool (Kennametal Grade K68 or equal) with a fine feed and cutting speed of 30-50 S.F.P.M. Machine the minimum amount of metal necessary to clean the surface to  $29^{\circ} \pm 10$  min.

#### E. BONNET SEAT REFACING

- 1. Assemble Bonnet Lapping Tool as shown in Figure E.
- 2. Apply a small amount of Lapping Compound to the seating surface of the Bonnet Lapping Tool. Use compound 120 (coarse) for rough lapping, 280 (fine) for final lapping.
- 3. Apply slight downward pressure on the Bonnet Lapping Tool. Lap back and forth until a smooth finish on the Bonnet lip is achieved.
- 4. Clean parts thoroughly with solvent and a clean rag.

#### F. SEAT LAPPING

1. Assemble lapping tool as shown in Figure F.

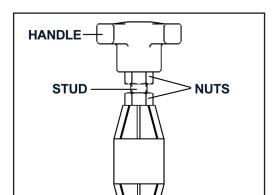


FIGURE E

NOTE: SEE PAGE 14 FOR BONNET LAPPING TOOL PART NUMBERS.

**BONNET LAPPING TOOL** 

- 2. Sleeve should be loose so that the disc can wobble easily. Secure sleeve in this position by tightening the hex nut.
- 3. Apply a small amount of lapping compound to the seating surface of the disc. Use compound 120 (coarse) for rough lapping, 280 (fine) for final lapping.
- 4. Maintain slight downward pressure on the stem. Lap back and forth for about two minutes or until a smooth finish on the disc and seat is achieved.

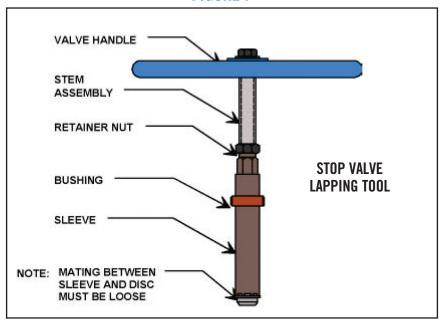
NOTE:Overlapping will result in full face contact between seat and disc. The goal is to maintain a 1/16" line contact.

5. Clean parts thoroughly with solvent and a clean rag.

#### **G. REASSEMBLY**

- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly with cleaning solvent.
- 2. Coat body/yoke threads with a nickel anti-seize lubricant.
- 3. Assemble the components in the following order:

FIGURE F



NOTE: SEE PAGE 14, FOR STOP VALVE LAPPING TOOL PART NUMBERS.

- a. Use repacking tool sleeve to hold packing inside of the bonnet chamber as bonnet is slid onto stem assembly.
- b. Screw packing gland to its highest point on the yoke bushing.
- c. Replace timing shims (if shims were provided originally) onto bonnet chamber and screw stem assembly into yoke to mid travel position. Keep timing shims flat on bonnet ledge.
- d. Spread yoke as described in section V.A.1 or 1A, Page 8. Place yoke assembly into body. Avoid contact between disc and body/bonnet seal surface as the yoke assembly is placed into body.
- e. Screw yoke onto body. Insure that stem is in mid travel and gland is at top of yoke bushing. Apply torque as specified in Table 2. DO NOT OVER TORQUE!
- f. If yoke alignment must be changed add .030" thick shims for each 90° of desired rotation.
- g. Return clampbolt to normal position and tighten per Table 2.
- h. Place handle and fasteners onto stem and tighten.
- i. Cycle valve several times to seat packing and readjust packing gland. Tighten packing gland per Table 3.

#### VI. SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS

#### A. FACTORY MOUNTED MOTOR OPERATORS

Factory mounted operators should not be removed from the valve prior to installation. The torque switches have been set prior to hydro testing and should not require field adjustment.

#### B. MOUNTING OF CLAMPSEAL® VALVE TO MOTOR OPERATOR IN FIELD

This procedure applies where a valve is being mated with an existing operator:

- 1. Install valve per procedure in Section I, page 2.
- 2. Yoke arms should be oriented in the position shown in Figure B. This orientation will minimize yoke arm stresses.
- 3. Slide the motor operator over the valve stem adapter.
- 4. Coat mounting bolts with a nickel anti-seize lubricant. Bolt the operator to the valve yoke flange. Torque bolts to values for SA-193-B7 fasteners (23 ft-lbs for the 5/16" bolt normally found on small operators).
- 5. Reset operator limitswitches. The "open" limitswitch is set to de-energize the actuator 1/4 turn before the valve reaches backseat. The "close" limitswitch is set to insure that the actuator does not de-energize until the torque switch opens. Torque switch setting should not need adjustment.

#### DO NOT USE THE OPEN TORQUE SWITCH TO DE-ENERGIZE THE VALVE!

#### C. STORAGE

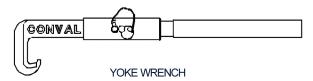
All valves are treated with rust-preventative, capped, and sealed in polyethylene bags to repel moisture. Valves should be stored in a weatherproof enclosure on pallets or shelving to isolate valve from moisture.

#### D. HANDLING

CLAMPSEAL® valves are extremely rugged and damaging them during handling is difficult. However, some care must be taken in handling. Do not drop them. Use yoke arm or body to lift valve. Do not lift by valve handle.

# E. TORQUE TOOLS

The following torque tools are available:



# **VII. SERVICE TOOL CROSS REFERENCE**

Globe Valve Size Code Tool Kit	Stop Tool Kit	Check Tool Kit	Combined Stop and Check Tool Kit	Stop Valve Seat Lapping Tool	Check Valve Seat Lapping Tool	Bonnet Lapping	Repacking Tool	Yoke Wrench	Yoke Torque Wrench	Gland Wrench	Refacing Tool
3C	TK3C-C-S-1	TK3C-C-C-1	TK3C-C-CS-1	C12-A-MA1	C23-A-MA1	C102	C8	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-3C
3D	TK3D-C-S-1	TK3D-C-C-1	TK3D-C-CS-1	C12-B-MA1	C23-A-MA1	C102	C8	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-3D
5C	TK5C-C-S-1	TK5C-C-C-1	TK5C-C-CS-1	C12-AA-MA1	C23-H-MA1	C103	C8	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-5C
5D	TK5D-C-S-1	TK5D-C-C-1	TK5D-C-CS-1	C12-D-MA1	C23-H-MA1	C103	C8	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-5D
5E	TK5E-C-S-1	TK5E-C-C-1	TK5E-C-CS-1	C12-C-MA1	C23-B-MA1	C104	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-5E
5F	TK5F-C-S-1	TK5F-C-C-1	TK5F-C-CS-1	C12-C-MA1	C23-B-MA1	C104	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-5F
5G	TK5G-C-S-1	TK5G-C-C-1	TK5G-C-CS-1	C12-L-MA1	C23-C-MA1	C105	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-5G
6E	TK6E-C-S-1	TK6E-C-C-1	TK6E-C-CS-1	C12-CC-MA1	C23-U-MA1	C106	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-6E
6G	TK6G-C-S-1	TK6G-C-C-1	TK6G-C-CS-1	C12-DD-MA1	C23-C-MA1	C107	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-6G
6H	TK6H-C-S-1	TK6H-C-C-1	TK6H-C-CS-1	C12-DD-MA1	C23-C-MA1	C107	C2	C99	3/6-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-6H
7E	TK7E-C-S-1	TK7E-C-C-1	TK7E-C-CS-1	C12-P-MA1	C23-F-MA1	C108	C2	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C233-B-F25	C71-7E
7F	TK7F-C-S-1	TK7F-C-C-1	TK7F-C-CS-1	C12-F-MA1	C23-J-MA1	C109	C4	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-7F
7G	TK7G-C-S-1	TK7G-C-C-1	TK7G-C-CS-1	C12-E-MA1	C23-V-MA1	C110	C4	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-7G
7H	TK7H-C-S-1	TK7H-C-C-1	TK7H-C-CS-1	C12-E-MA1	C23-V-MA1	C110	C4	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-7H
7J	TK7J-C-S-1	TK7J-C-C-1	TK7J-C-CS-1	C12-M-MA1	C23-K-MA1	C111	C4	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-7J
8F	TK8F-C-S-1	TK8F-C-C-1	TK8F-C-CS-1	C12-Y-MA1	C23-R-MA1	C112-B	C4	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-8F
8G	TK8G-C-S-1	TK8G-C-C-1	TK8G-C-CS-1	C12-H-MA1	C23-L-MA1	C113-B	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-8G
8H	TK8H-C-S-1	TK8H-C-C-1	TK8H-C-CS-1	C12-G-MA1	C23-D-MA1	C111	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-8H
8J	TK8J-C-S-1	TK8J-C-C-1	TK8J-C-CS-1	C12-G-MA1	C23-D-MA1	C111	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-8J
8K	TK8K-C-S-1	TK8K-C-C-1	TK8K-C-CS-1	C12-N-MA1	C23-M-MA1	C114-B	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-8K
9G	TK9G-C-S-1	TK9G-C-C-1	TK9G-C-CS-1	C12-Z-MA1	C23-P-MA1	C115-B	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-9G
9H	TK9H-C-S-1	TK9H-C-C-1	TK9H-C-CS-1	C12-K-MA1	C23-N-MA1	C116-B	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-9H
9J	TK9J-C-S-1	TK9J-C-C-1	TK9J-C-CS-1	C12-J-MA1	C23-E-MA1	C117-B	C15	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-9J
9K	TK9K-C-S-1	TK9K-C-C-1	TK9K-C-CS-1	C12-J-MA1	C23-E-MA1	C117-C	C15	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-9K
9L	TK9L-C-S-1	TK9L-C-C-1	TK9L-C-CS-1	C12-R-MA1	C23-T-MA1	C118-B	C15	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-9L
10H	TKOH-C-S-1	TKOH-C-C-1	TKOH-C-CS-1	C12-X-MA1	C23-AA-MA1	C119-B	C14	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C232-B-F25	C71-10H
10J	TKOJ-C-S-1	TKOJ-C-C-1	TKOJ-C-CS-1	C12-T-MA1	C23-W-MA1	C120	C15	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-10J
10K	TKOK-C-S-1	TKOK-C-C-1	TKOK-C-CS-1	C12-S-MA1	C23-G-MA1	C121-B	C17	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-10K
10L	TKOL-C-S-1	TK0L-C-C-1	TKOL-C-CS-1	C12-S-MA1	C23-G-MA1	C121-C	C17	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-10L
10M	TKOM-C-S-1	TKOM-C-C-1	TKOM-C-CS-1	C12-BB-MA1	C23-Y-MA1	C121-C	C17	C100	7/10-TORQUE-YW-1	C216-B-F25	C71-10M

 $NOTE: SEE\ PAGE\ 14\ FOR\ SIZE\ CODE\ CROSS\ REFERENCE.\ ^*\ Optional\ snap-on\ torque\ handle\ made\ available\ through\ SNAP-ON.14$ 

# **VIII. SIZE CODE CROSS REFERENCE**

All CLAMPSEAL® valves are distinguished by a size code which defines tool and part interchangeability. The size code is stamped on all valve bodies just below the threads and directly above the round raised pad where the steel heat code is stamped. Size codes consist of a number followed by a letter. The number refers to the body forging size and the letter refers to the seat ring size. This table lists Conval's standard size codes for given configurations. Reference size code when ordering parts or tools. Always confirm the size code by inspecting the valve.

#### **Y-GLOBE SW**

	ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
	900/1195	3D	5E	5F	5G	6H	7J	8K	-	-
	1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	6G	7H	8J	9K	-	-
	2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	7G	8H	10K	-	-
	3500/4095	5D	5D	6E	8G	8G	9H	-	-	-
ſ	4500	5C	6E	7E	-	8F	-	-	-	-

#### Y-GLOBE BW

ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
900/1195	3D	5E	5F	5G	6H	7J	8K	9L	10M
1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	6G	7H	8J	9K	10L	10L
2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	7G	8H	9J	10K	10K
3500/4095	5D	5D	6E	7F	8G	8G	9H	10J	10J
4500	5C	6E	6E	-	7E	8F	9G	10H	10H

#### **ANGLE SW**

ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
900/1195	3D	5E	5F	5G	7H	8J	8K	-	-
1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	10L	-	-
2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	8H	8H	10K	-	-
3500/4095	5D	5D	7F	8G	8G	-	-	-	-
4500	5C	-	7E	-	8F	-	-	_	-

#### **ANGLE BW**

ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
900/1195	3D	5E	5F	5G	7H	7J	7J	10M	10M
1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	8J	10L	10L
2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	7G	8H	8H	10K	10K
3500/4095	5D	5D	7F	7F	8G	8G	8G	10J	10J
4500	5C	-	7E	-	7E	8F	10H	10H	10H

#### **VERTICAL STEM SW**

ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
900/1195	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	8J	ı	-
1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	-	-	-
2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	7G	8H	-	-	-
3500/4095	5D	5D	7F	8G	8G	ı	ı	1	-
4500	5C	-	7E	-	8F	-	-	-	-

#### **VERTICAL STEM BW**

ANSI CLASS	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00
900/1195	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	8J	8J	-
1500/2155	3D	5E	5F	7G	7H	8J	8J	8J	-
2500/3045	3C	5E	5E	7G	7G	8H	8H	8H	-
3500/4095	5D	5D	7F	7F	7F	8G	8G	8G	-
4500	5C	-	7E	_	7E	8F	-	-	-

# IX. ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS SPECIFIC TO PED APPROVED VALVES MANUAL & AUTOMATED VALVES CATEGORIES I — III STEAM. HOT WATER & CHEMICAL SERVICE THROUGH 4"

#### **FOR SEP VALVES:**

This product has been reviewed in accordance with the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014-68-EU Article 4, Paragraph 3, and has been found acceptable under Standard Engineering Practice, or SEP.

#### FOR CATEGORY I OR HIGHER:

This product is designed and manufactured in accordance with Directive 2014-68-EU and complies with the requirements of that directive.

**CAUTION:** The user is advised to assure that this product is correctly applied. This includes using the valve within the rated pressures and temperatures. This also includes assuring that the materials of construction are chemically compatible with the intended service media.

The maximum pressure rating varies depending on the pressure class of the valve and the valve body material, and is marked on the valve nameplate. The maximum and minimum temperature is also marked on the valve. These ratings vary dependent on the valve body material as follows:

 Carbon Steel (A105):
 0-427°C

 Cr-Mo Steel (F22):
 0-593°C

 Cr-Mo Steel (F91):
 0-649°C

 Stainless Steel (316):
 0-649°C

 Stainless Steel (316L):
 0-454°C

 Stainless Steel (347):
 0-538°C

Conval's Clampseal valves have been designed for long, trouble-free service in industrial environments when applied, installed and maintained according to these instructions and general good practice. These valves conform to all applicable codes and standards, including Directive 2014-68-EU.

To the extent possible, usage hazards have been identified and analyzed and account taken in the design, manufacture and quality assurance aspects of all Conval valves. Where all hazards cannot be eliminated or mitigated, this manual serves to caution and guide the user in the safe application of these valves.

However, the user is ultimately in the best position to observe safe practices within his facility. It is the responsibility of the user to adhere to applicable codes and practices and to attend to all the issues pertaining to safe system design, safe installation and safe use and handling of these valves in his plant.

This manual provides specific instructions on installing, maintaining and using Clampseal valves. The following cautions serve as a supplemental guide in the safe use and handling of these valves.

#### CAUTIONS

Carefully observe all installation and maintenance instructions. All valves should be presumed to be under pressure, and should be handled accordingly. Failure to do so may result in catastrophic failure of the valve and injury to personnel.

#### **INSTALLATION:**

- 1. All installation and maintenance work is to be performed by qualified and trained personnel.
- 2. Complete flow conditions must be provided to the manufacturer in order to insure a proper valve specification and long, safe use of the valve.
- 3. Complete service information is required to correctly size an actuator for an automated valve. An actuator that is too small may not fully stroke the valve; an actuator that is too large may damage the valve.
- 4. Complete information must be provided on specific chemistry of media going through the valve to assure that proper, corrosion resistant materials are incorporated in the valve.
- 5. Valves are not to be applied in services where significant debris, pipe scale or other particulates are present.
- 6. Valves must have the disc fully engaged in the valve seat at maximum rated stem torque prior to welding in line or seat distortion may result. Take care to assure that automated valves are in fact closed during welding.
- 7. Where a Conval strainer is in use, care must be taken to periodically clean or flush the element to preserve safe use.
- 8. When installing a 3-phase motor operated valve, care must be taken to assure that the motor operates in the proper direction of travel. If the motor is installed out of phase, it will operate backwards and damage the valve.

#### **OPERATION:**

- 9. All stop valves must only be operated in the fully open or fully closed position. Throttling of these valves will severely shorten valve life and cause a safety hazard.
- 10. Do not over tighten the valve when fully opening or closing the valve, as damage may occur to internal components.
- 11. Always be aware of the fact that the valve is under pressure, and that pressure integrity may be lost when loosening or tightening any fasteners or other parts of the valve.
- 12. Steam and hot water valves are generally used in extremely high temperature services. Use proper protection when operating the valve, or contacting the valve for any purpose.
- 13. Chemical service valves may contain extremely toxic or corrosive media. Use proper protection when operating the valve, or contacting the valve for any purpose.
- 14. Automated valves must be adjusted for proper stroke and cycle time.

#### **MAINTENANCE:**

- 15. Valve stem torque and gland torque values specified in this manual must be observed for safe operation.
- 16. Automated valves may require more frequent adjustment, depending on how often and how fast they are operated.
- 17. Upon completion of gland tightening, the Integral Gland Wrench, if supplied, should be positioned per instructions so as to inhibit vibration loosening of the gland.
- 18. Packing may not be replaced while the valve is under line pressure. Any servicing of valve packing must be preceded by isolating the valve in question and insuring there is no residual pressure in the valve.

#### **SERVICING:**

- 19. Line pressure must be removed before loosening the clampbolt prior to yoke removal.
- 20. Completely decontaminate all parts as appropriate, using proper protection, ventilation and any other precautions as required by MSDS sheets.
- 21. Handle all parts carefully to prevent damage while the valve is dis-assembled.
- 22. Care must be taken to preserve the smoothness and geometric integrity of all sealing surfaces during valve maintenance activity. Observe refinishing instructions to renew the seat or the bonnet sealing surfaces.
- 23. Care must be exercised in the handling and use of valve repair tools to preserve their functionality and insure proper results with any valve renewal.
- 24. When reassembling the valve, assure that any lubricants used on the internal surfaces of the valve are compatible with the media.
- 25. When servicing an automated valve, note the orientation and alignment of the actuator to the valve. When reassembling the valve, make certain that proper orientation and alignment is made. Make certain that open and closed positions are correctly re-established, as these positions may have changed during servicing.



World Headquarters: 96 Phoenix Avenue, Enfield, CT 06082 USA Phone (860) 749-0761 Fax (860) 763-3557 e-mail: sales@Conval.com www.Conval.com

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